



Reimbursement Tracking Starter Guide

A sample guide for separating grant reimbursement activity from the accounting ledger while keeping source support easy to find.



1. Core Approach

- Keep the accounting ledger as the financial system of record
- Track reimbursement activity in a separate grant support log or tracker
- Link each reimbursement line back to source support and coding
- Use consistent file naming so documents are easy to retrieve



2. What stays in accounting

- GL detail and posted transactions
- Fund, project, property, or job coding
- Vendor payments and payroll entries
- Budget-to-actual reporting
- Cash receipts for reimbursements received



3. What to track separately

- Draw or reimbursement request number
- Request period covered
- Amount requested, approved, and received
- Submission date and payment date
- Supporting document location
- Open balance or follow-up notes



4. Suggested tracker fields

- | | |
|-----------------------|--|
| • Grant name | • Amount approved |
| • Draw/request number | • Amount received |
| • Cost period | • Date submitted |
| • Expense category | • Date received |
| • Amount eligible | • Source file link or folder reference |
| • Amount requested | • Status |



5. Simple monthly workflow

- 1 Export or review coded grant expenses from the accounting system
- 2 Identify eligible costs for the reimbursement period
- 3 Update the reimbursement tracker with amounts and support references
- 4 Assemble backup documents and submission package
- 5 Submit the draw or reimbursement request
- 6 Record approval, cash receipt, and any remaining differences



6. Source support checklist

- ☐ Invoice or vendor support is saved
- ☐ Payroll support is saved, if applicable
- ☐ General ledger detail is retained
- ☐ Calculation sheets are included
- ☐ Submission confirmation is retained
- ☐ Approval or payment evidence is retained



Starter file structure

- 01 Award & Budget
- 02 Reimbursement Tracker
- 03 Backup by Request
- 04 Submission Confirmations
- 05 Cash Receipts & Reconciliations



7. Common mistakes to avoid

- Mixing requested amounts with received amounts
- Losing the link between ledger activity and backup documents
- Reusing inconsistent request numbers or file names
- Failing to document partial approvals or reductions
- Not reconciling open reimbursement balances



Helpful principle

Let accounting record the transaction, and let the reimbursement tracker explain the reimbursement story.

Organization: _____

Reviewed By: _____

Date: _____



GrantableHQ helps organizations keep awarded grants organized from award setup through audit support.

